HAMILTON CITY COUNCIL





Dale Ofsoske | Electoral Officer | April 2025





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→ GENERAL INFORMATION

Q1: When is the next Hamilton City Council election?

A1: Election day is Saturday 11 October 2025 with voting closing at 12 noon. The voting period starts on Tuesday 9 September 2025.

Q2: Who runs the election?

A2: The electoral officer has full responsibility for running the election.

Q3: What is the name of the electoral officer and council's electoral liaison person?

A3: The electoral officer is:

Dale Ofsoske

Independent Election Services Ltd Electoral Office: 167 Victoria Street West, Auckland Central (entrance off Dock Street)

Phone: 0800 922 822

Email: dale.ofsoske@electionservices.co.nz

The deputy electoral officer is:

Amy Viggers Governance Lead Elections Office, Hamilton City Council

Municipal Buildings, Garden Place, Hamilton

Phone: 07 838 6727

Email: <u>amy.viggers@hcc.govt.nz</u>

Q4: What type of electoral system is used?

A4: The STV (single transferable voting) electoral system will be used for the Hamilton City Council elections.

The FPP (first past the post) electoral system will be used for the Waikato Regional Council elections.

For a more detailed explanation of these electoral systems, refer Q57 and Q58.

Q5: What elections can we vote for?

A5: Electors will be able to vote for the mayor and 14 ward councillors, plus Waikato Regional Council members.

The current structure is:

Ward	Councillors
East General Ward	6
West General Ward	6
Kirikiriroa Maaori Ward	2

In addition there will also be a binding poll on whether to retain or disestablish the Maaori ward. The outcome of this binding poll will apply to the 2028 and 2031 triennial elections.

For further information refer to council's website. https://www.hamilton.govt.nz/ elections

Q6: What is the difference between Maaori and general wards?

A6: Maaori ward councillors are elected by those enrolled to vote on the Maaori electoral roll.

Similarly, general ward councillors are elected by those enrolled to vote on the general electoral roll

Q7: What is the role of the mayor and councillors?

A7: Mayor:

- \rightarrow presides at council meetings
- \rightarrow attends and participates at meetings of committees and working parties
- ightarrow reads agenda and other materials before meetings
- → leads the council and co-ordinates council political activity
- \rightarrow speaks on behalf of the council
- ightarrow represents the council on related organisations, where appointed
- ightarrow attends and participates at conferences and seminars



- ightarrow attends to complaints and enquiries from members of the public
- → presides at civic ceremonies
- → hosts visiting groups, including overseas delegations
- ightarrow attends and speaks at local functions, sometimes opening them
- \rightarrow declares a state of civil defence emergency in the region if the need arises.

Mayor and Councillors:

- participate in strategic and long-term planning for the whole district
- \rightarrow develop policy across a wide range of activities and services
- ightarrow represent the district at functions as required
- \rightarrow review and develop bylaws for the district
- \rightarrow advocate on a wide range of issues
- → coordinate and form partnerships with other spheres of government and other agencies
- ightarrow participate in the appointment and performance review of the chief executive
- ightarrow act on all these matters within a legislative and regulatory framework
- \rightarrow set a budget and rates
- \rightarrow monitor the performance of the council organisation.

→ CANDIDATES

Q8: I want to be a candidate in these elections. What do I need to do?

A8: You must be a New Zealand citizen and your name must be on the Parliamentary Electoral Roll (anywhere in New Zealand).

When lodging your nomination, proof of citizenship will be required (copy of passport, birth certificate, citizenship certificate).

If your name on the Parliamentary Electoral Roll is different from your name on your proof

of citizenship, you also need to provide proof of change of name.

You will need to have two electors enrolled on the electoral roll in the area you are standing for to nominate you –

e.g. if you stand for the East General Ward, the nominators will need to be enrolled on the General Electoral Roll for that ward. (Note the candidate does not need to reside in the area in which they are standing, but that fact will appear in candidate information for electors.)

Nominations open on Friday 4 July 2025.

For information on nomination papers and the candidate information handbook refer Q25.

Candidate campaigning may commence any time prior to the election (no time restriction), but any expenditure made, within or outside the three-month applicable period before election day, must be accounted for.

Q9: How much will it cost me to stand?

A9: You will need to pay a nomination fee of \$200 GST inclusive. This fee applies to each election (position) you stand for.

Your nomination fee can be paid by electronic bank transfer, EFTPOS, credit card or cash.

If you poll greater than 25% of the final quota as determined by the last iteration of the vote count (for STV elections), you will receive your nomination fee back.

Q10: What qualifications and experience do I need?

Nothing formal. Elected members come from all walks of life and generally have a desire to serve the community.

All (or some) of the following capabilities will be useful in the elected member role:

- ightarrow quality decision-making
- \rightarrow political acumen
- → leadership
- ightarrow cultural awareness



- \rightarrow strategic thinking
- → knowledge and understanding of Hamilton City Council and local government
- → communication and engagement, relationship building and collaboration.

Q11: Does a criminal record affect a person standing as a Council candidate?

A11: No, not for the Hamilton City Council elections.

Q12: How long is the term of an elected member?

A12: Three years.

Q13: Do I need to be resident in the area I am standing for?

A13: No, but you must be on the Parliamentary Electoral Roll (anywhere in New Zealand) and be a New Zealand citizen (by birth or citizenship ceremony). If you don't reside in the area you are standing for, this needs to be disclosed to electors.

The two people who nominate you must be on the electoral roll within the area you are standing for.

Q14: Do I need to be on the Maaori Electoral Roll or of Maaori descent if I am standing for election in the Maaori Constituency?

A14: No. To be eligible you must be a New Zealand citizen and your name must be on the Parliamentary Electoral Roll (anywhere in New Zealand).

You will need to be nominated by two electors whose names appear on the Maaori Electoral Roll within the area of election for which you are standing.

If you are on the Maaori Electoral Roll you can stand in a general constituency, and will need to be nominated by two electors whose names appear on the general electoral roll within the area of election for which you are standing.

Q15: How many positions can I stand for?

A15: You can stand for mayor and a ward councillor, but if you are elected to more than one position you must take the mayoral position.

You cannot stand for more than one ward, or for both the Hamilton City Council and the Waikato Regional Council.

Q16: Can I withdraw my nomination as a candidate?

A16: Only if it is withdrawn before the close of nominations (noon, Friday 1 August 2025). You cannot withdraw voluntarily after nominations have closed. If you decide to opt out, your name will still appear on the voting document.

If you do change your mind and decide not to run for election after you have been nominated, let the electoral officer know who will talk through the issues with you.

If you become incapacitated with serious illness or injury and are unlikely to be able to perform the functions and duties if elected to office, an application to withdraw your nomination on those grounds can be made. Verification from a doctor or lawyer about your situation will be required.

Contact the electoral officer if you need more information about this process.

Q17: What is a candidate profile statement?

A17: You may provide a candidate profile statement when you lodge your nomination. This is a statement of up to 150 words containing information about yourself and your policies and intentions if elected to office. The profile statement will be included in the voting packs that all electors receive.

Your candidate statement can be submitted in both Maaori and English, but the information contained in each language must be substantially consistent. Each language has to be within a 150-word limit.

In addition, your candidate profile statement must state whether or not your principal place of residence is in the area you are seeking



election, e.g., 'My principal place of residence is in the West General Ward', or 'My principal place of residence is not in the West General Ward'. This is not part of the 150-word limit.

Your profile statement must be true and accurate. The electoral officer is not required to verify or investigate any information included in your statement.

Your profile can include a recent passport size colour photograph (taken in the last 12 months).

Refer the <u>Local Electoral Act 2001</u>, section 61 for more information.

Q18: When is the campaign period?

A18: Election campaigning can start at any time before the election and continue up to and including election day.

Refer <u>Q67</u> for information on campaign signage.

Q19: How much can I spend on my campaign?

A19: There is a limit on what you can spend on your campaign and it relates to the population of the area you are standing for.

The maximum amount that can be spent by a candidate cannot exceed the limits set out in the table:

Local government area population	Expenditure limit
Up to 4,999	\$3,500
5,000 – 9,999	\$7,000
10,000 – 19,999	\$14,000
20,000 – 39,999	\$20,000
40,000 – 59,999	\$30,000
60,000 – 79,999	\$40,000
80,000 – 99,999	\$50,000
100,000 – 149,999	\$55,000
150,000 – 249,999	\$60,000

Local government area population	Expenditure limit
250,000 – 999,000	\$70,000
1,000,000 or more	\$100,000*

*plus 50 cents for each elector

For example, a candidate for the Kirikiriroa Maaori Ward (which has a population in the range of 20,000 -39,999) can spend up to \$20,000 inclusive of GST.

If you stand for more than one position, the amount you can spend is the highest amount for one position. You cannot add positions together to allow you to spend more than the limit

Please note any expenditure made by a candidate for an election campaign is funded by the candidate and is not refundable by Council to the candidate.

All candidates are required to lodge an Electoral Donations and Expenses Return within 55 days after the day on which the successful candidates are declared to be elected (mid-late December 2025).

If a candidate is outside New Zealand on this day, the return must be filed within 76 days after the day on which the successful candidates are declared to be elected.

If a return is not submitted within the required time period, the non-return will be advised to the New Zealand Police for enforcement.

If a candidate is eligible for a refund of the nomination fee, the return needs to be received before the fee is refunded.

Q20: Can I raise campaign funds from donations, and can I claim expenses?

A20: Yes, you can raise funds and claim expenses from your campaign. There is very specific legislation about donations and expenses which you need to abide by.

For more information go to <u>Local Electoral Act</u> 2001, sections 103A – 112F.



Q21: Can people already elected onto Hamilton City Council use Council resources to campaign?

A21: No, elected members cannot use Council resources for their campaigns.

Q22: Are there any rules about using social media?

A22: Yes. Councils have policies or guidelines for web and social media use related to campaigning. They will not permit Council social media pages to be used by anyone (candidates or members of the public) for electioneering or campaigning in the three months before election day. This includes tagging Council in social media posts. Council monitors its online sites and takes down any campaign related posts.

Q23: Can I help people vote or collect their voting documents to send in?

A23: No, it is an offence (carrying a fine of up to \$5,000 if convicted) to interfere in any way with an elector with the intention of influencing or advising the elector as to how they should vote.

Candidates or their assistants should not collect voting documents from electors. Each elector should post or deliver their own voting document to the electoral officer.

Candidates and their assistants should be particularly careful if campaigning occurs in facilities such as rest homes or hospitals.

Q24: When do nominations open and close?

A24: Nominations open on Friday 4 July 2025 and close at 12 noon Friday 1 August 2025.

It is strongly recommended that candidates do not leave lodgement of their nomination until the last day. There may be insufficient time to rectify any error with the nomination, if lodgement occurs on Friday 1 August 2025.

Q25: Where can I obtain a nomination paper?

A25: From Friday 4 July 2025 nominations can be completed and submitted online at: esp.electionservices.co.nz/lqe2025/HM/

Nomination papers will also be posted on request by phoning 0800 922 822, and are available in hard copy from:

- → Hamilton City Council, Customer Services Counter, Municipal Building, Garden Place, Hamilton;
- → by accessing: www.hamilton.govt.nz/ elections.

A candidate information handbook will be available in May 2025.

→ ENROLMENT

Q26: Where can I view the electoral roll that will be used for this election?

A26: The preliminary electoral roll will be available for public inspection for a one-month period from Friday 4 July 2025 to Friday 1 August 2025.

The preliminary electoral roll will be available for inspection at:

- → Hamilton City Council, Customer Services Counter, Municipal Building, Garden Place, Hamilton
- → Central, Chartwell, Dinsdale, Glenview, Hillcrest, St Andrews and Te Kete Aronui/ Rototuna libraries
- ightarrow Registrar of Electors, 534 Anglesea Street, Hamilton
- ightarrow Citizen Advice Bureau, 55 Victoria Street and 70 Kent Street, Hamilton.

Q27. How do I enrol to vote in these elections?

A27. Is this your main place of residence?

Yes

Have you lived at your current address for more than one month?

Yes Are you on the Parliamentary
Electoral Roll at your current address
in the Hamilton City Council area?

Yes > You will automatically appear on the electoral roll that is used for these elections.



Or Is this your main place of residence?

Yes Are you on the Parliamentary
Electoral Roll at an address in the
Hamilton City Council area?

No or Don't Know

- → You need to complete an enrolment form for this. You can either:
 - → enrol online or download a form at www.vote.nz.
 - → phone the Electoral Commission 0800 36 76 56 to request a form in the post with a return envelope.

Is this your main place of residence?

No Are you on the Parliamentary
Electoral Roll at an address in another
district?

Yes If you own a property in a different district to your main residence, you may be able to enrol as a non-resident ratepayer elector. (Refer to ratepayer enrolment advice in Q32 and Q33.)

Q28: I am a student and spend my time in different places. Where should I enrol?

A28: You should enrol where you spend the greater part of your time.

Q29: I turn 18 on election day. Can I vote?

A29: Yes, but you need to make sure you have enrolled which you can do provisionally from the age of 17 and it automatically changes when you turn 18.

You will also need to apply for a special vote during the voting period (Tuesday 9 September 2025 to 12 noon, Saturday 11 October 2025).

For special vote availability, Refer Q49.

Q30: I am a New Zealand Maaori, do I need to enrol on the Maaori roll?

A30: Not necessarily.

When enrolling for the first time you decide whether you want to go on the Parliamentary Maaori Electoral Roll or the Parliamentary General Electoral Roll by signing the appropriate panel on the parliamentary elector enrolment form.

However, you are able to change from the Maaori Electoral Roll to the General Electoral Roll (or vice versa) at any time, except during the 3 months before election day.

If a person is enrolled on the Maaori Electoral Roll, that person will be able to vote for the mayor, the respective Maaori ward councillors and the respective regional Maaori constituency members.

If a person is enrolled on the General Electoral Roll, that person will be able to vote for the mayor, the respective general ward councillors and the respective regional general constituency members.

Q31: How do I know whether I am enrolled?

A31: The Electoral Commission will be undertaking a roll update campaign from 1 April 2025 for the Parliamentary Electoral Roll which forms the basis of the electoral roll for the Hamilton City Council elections.

If you do not receive a letter in the post after 9 April 2025 the chances are you are not enrolled, or your details are incorrect. You will then need to complete a Parliamentary Electoral Roll enrolment form.

If you have recently changed address, you will need to update your address details on www.vote.nz.

You can check to see if you are enrolled at www.vote.nz or by phoning 0800 36 76 56.

Q32: We own a business in the Hamilton City Council area and pay rates, but we don't live in the Hamilton City Council area. Do we get a say in the Hamilton City Council elections?

A32: Yes, subject to being eligible as a non-resident ratepayer elector and becoming enrolled.



A non-resident ratepayer enrolment form is available at:

- → the online portal <u>www.ratepayer.co.nz</u>
- → www.hamilton.govt.nz/elections
- \rightarrow or by phoning 0800 922 822.

The non-resident ratepayer enrolment form should be submitted to the electoral officer by Friday 1 August 2025 (in order to receive an ordinary vote), and no later than Friday 10 October 2025 (in order to receive a special vote).

Q33: I own a property in the Hamilton City Council area, but it is not my fulltime residence. How do I get on the ratepayer electoral roll?

A33: Is your name on the rates notice?

Yes You may be eligible to be on the ratepayer electoral roll. Go to www.ratepayer.co.nz to complete a ratepayer enrolment online, or contact the electoral office on 0800 922 822 and request a ratepayer enrolment form. This should be submitted to the electoral officer or an electoral official by Friday 1 August 2025 in order to receive an ordinary vote, and no later than Friday 10 October 2025 in order to receive a special vote.

If it is easier you can call at a special voting venue during the voting period (Tuesday 9 September 2025 to 12 noon Saturday 11 October 2025) and complete the ratepayer enrolment form and have your special vote at the same time.

For special vote availability, refer $\underline{Q49}$.

In no case does this allow you to have two votes at an election.

Is your name on the rates notice?

No

You may not be eligible to be on the ratepayer electoral roll.

Go to <u>www.ratepayer.co.nz</u> to check your eligibility or contact the electoral office on 0800 922 822.

> VOTING

Q34: Is it a postal vote and will I be sent my voting documents in the mail?

A34: All local authority elections will be conducted by postal vote. Voting documents will be delivered by post between Tuesday 9 September 2025 and Monday 22 September 2025.

There is no online voting option available.

Q35: I received my voting document but my partner didn't receive theirs. What should they do?

A35: Is it <u>before</u> Monday 22 September 2025 and you believe you are correctly registered on the electoral roll?

Yes Please wait until the mail has been delivered on Monday 22 September 2025. If your voting document is not received, then please call the electoral office on 0800 922 822 and request a special vote.

Is it <u>after</u> Monday 22 September 2025 and you believe you are correctly registered on electoral roll?

Yes

You will need to apply for a special vote. For special vote availability, refer

Is it <u>after</u> Monday 22 September 2025 and you believe <u>you are not</u> correctly registered on the electoral roll?

Yes

You will need to complete a
Parliamentary Electoral Roll
enrolment form. These are available
online at www.vote.nz or phone
0800 36 76 56 to have one posted to
you with a return envelope.

You will need to apply for a special vote. For special vote availability, refer Q49.



Q36: I didn't receive my voting document, so I called and got a special vote. Now I have two voting documents. Which one should I use?

A36: Use the original one and destroy the special vote.

Q37: I received a voting document for a member of my family (e.g. child, parent) and have Power of Attorney for that person. Can I vote on behalf of that person?

A37: No, you are not allowed to vote on behalf of that person as Attorney.

Q38: I received a voting document for a member of my family (e.g. child, parent) who does not live at my address or is incapable of voting.

What should I do with the voting document?

A38: If they are overseas, you could post it to the person or destroy it if that is not practicable.

If it is for a person who is cognitively impaired, for example someone who is living with advanced dementia, please destroy it by ripping/cutting it up. You cannot vote on their behalf unless directly instructed by them.

Q39: I received a voting document that does not belong to me and I don't know this person or where this person has gone. What should I do with the voting document?

A39: Write GNA (Gone No Address) on the envelope and put it back in the mail.

Q40: What is that barcode that I can see through the return envelope or on the front of the voting document?

A40: It is a legal requirement to scan the barcode and mark the electoral roll to indicate the person has voted. This is to ensure that we do not receive two votes from the same person.

Q41: How do you ensure the secrecy of my vote?

A41: Returned envelopes containing a voting document cannot be opened until there is a justice of the peace (JP) present. The JP

is required to sign off that the processes used by the electoral officer meet the legal requirements.

Note that the voter's name is not shown on the voting document.

When the envelope is opened the only thing the electoral office is looking for is that the vote for each election is valid.

This means that we are making sure that the voter's intention is clear and the voter has not ticked or marked more candidates than the voter should have.

Q42: Do I have to vote? I don't know any of these candidates.

A42: No, you don't have to vote, but we do encourage you to vote and exercise your democratic right.

You don't have to vote in all elections. But your vote is important because the people elected will be responsible for making decisions about what happens in your community for the next three years.

To help you get to know about the candidates:

- candidate meetings may be held in your community and by attending you can find out what policies the different candidates are advocating for;
- → a candidate profile booklet comes with the voting document and this will include a photo and a statement from each candidate if these have been provided. This information will also be available on the Council's website: www.hamilton. govt.nz/elections after nominations close (expected 8 August 2025);
- → candidates may have their own website, social media page(s), videos, advertise in local newspapers or send out information to letterboxes in your area;
- ightarrow local media are likely to cover information about the election.



Q43: Do I have to post my voting document back?

A43: You can post it but make sure you have it in the mail by Tuesday 7 October 2025 to ensure it gets back to us in time (by 12 noon Saturday 11 October 2025).

You can also hand deliver your voting document to a ballot box during the voting period (Tuesday 9 September 2025 to 12 noon Saturday 11 October 2025).

For ballot box locations refer Q48.

Q44: I have lost my return envelope. What shall I

A44: You can use an envelope of your own and put the return address and Replypaid number on it.

You will not need to put a stamp on the envelope if you write the Replypaid number on the envelope and post it in New Zealand.

Replypaid number 4710 The Electoral Office Hamilton City Council PO Box 5135 Victoria Street Auckland 1142

Q45: I am on the Unpublished Parliamentary Roll and I want a special vote. What should I do?

A45: You will need to apply for a special vote. For special vote availability, refer Q49.

Q46: I didn't receive my voting document. How do I obtain a special vote?

A46: Are you on the Parliamentary Electoral Roll for the address you want to vote for?

Yes →

You will need to apply for a special vote. For special vote availability, refer Q49.

Are you on the Parliamentary Electoral Roll for the address you want to vote for?

No/Don't Know

If you are not enrolled or not enrolled correctly on the Parliamentary Electoral Roll, you will need to complete an enrolment form. You can enrol or update your details online at www.vote.nz using your New Zealand driver licence, New Zealand passport or RealMe verified identity.

Alternatively, you can download an enrolment update form and return it by uploading it to the enrolment team at www.vote.nz/upload, or request one to be mailed to you with a return envelope.

For any queries regarding enrolling on the residential roll, email: enquiries@elections.govt.nz.

The completed enrolment form needs to be with the Electoral Commission before close of business Friday 10 October 2025.

You will need to apply for a special vote. For special vote availability, refer Q49.

Q47: I spoiled my voting documents/I have made a mistake on my documents. What can I do?

A47: If you can amend it so that your voting intention is clear, then do so.

If necessary, we can issue you with a special vote (for special vote availability, refer Q49), but this will take time and require you to complete a statutory declaration.

Q48: Where are ballot boxes located?

A48: You can drop your vote into the ballot box at:

- → Customer Services Counter, Hamilton City Council, Municipal Building, Garden Place, Hamilton
- → Central, Chartwell, Dinsdale, Glenview, Hillcrest, St Andrews, and Te Kete Aronui Rototuna libraries (refer Q49 for addresses)
- → Waterworld, Garnett Avenue, Forest Lake, Hamilton
- → Gallagher Aquatic Centre, 20 Collins Road, Melville



- → Hamilton Gardens, Hungerford Crescent, Cobham Drive, SH1c, Hamilton
- → Hamilton Zoo, 183 Brymer Road, Rotokauri, Hamilton
- → Te Whare Taonga o Waikato Museum, 1 Grantham Street, Hamilton Central
- → Te Runanga o Kirikiriroa, Community Health Centre, 59 Higgins Road, Dinsdale, Hamilton
- → Te Koha Health, 951 Wairere Drive, Hamilton East, Hamilton.

For special votes, refer Q49.

Q49: Where can I obtain or cast a special vote?

- A49: Special voting documents can be obtained from:
 - → Customer Services Counter, Municipal Building, Garden Place, Hamilton;
 - \rightarrow by phoning 0800 922 822.

In addition, special voting papers will be available at the following Hamilton City Libraries Customer Service Counters:

- → Central Library,9 Garden Place, Hamilton;
- → Chartwell Library,5 Lynden Court, Hamilton;
- → Dinsdale Library,22 Dinsdale Road, Dinsdale, Hamilton;
- → Glenview Library, MacDonald Road, Deanwell, Hamilton;
- → Hillcrest Library,58 Masters Avenue, Hillcrest, Hamilton;
- → St Andrews Library, cnr Braid Road & Taylor Terrace, St Andrews, Hamilton;
- → Te Kete Aronui Rototuna Library, 30 North City Road, Hamilton.

All special votes need to be completed and returned to the electoral officer or an electoral official (at any of the above locations) by 12 noon Saturday 11 October 2025. If posting, send by Tuesday 7 October 2025 to ensure it gets back to the Electoral Office in time.

Q50: I am going away and will not be here when the voting documents are posted out. What should I do?

A50: You will need to apply for a special vote. For special vote availability, refer Q49.

Q51: Do I have to vote in all elections for the maximum number of candidates permitted?

If I don't vote for the maximum number of candidates permitted in all the elections on my voting document, will my votes be counted?

A51: Under STV you can vote for as many candidates as you wish but these must be in order of your preference and no number can be repeated. Remember for STV, you rank the candidates you want to elect from number 1 onwards.

FPP is a simple majority vote, where you tick the option you want to vote for. In 2025, this will be used for the Maaori ward poll.

With either system, you can decide not to vote for one or more of the different elections on your voting document. This does not invalidate votes for other elections on your voting document.

For more information refer Q57 and Q58.

Q52: Why are my partner's document and mine different? There are more/less things to vote for, or the list of candidates is different.

A52: For both the Hamilton City Council and the Waikato Regional Council elections the candidates standing in each ward are sorted randomly on the voting document by surname. So your partner's voting document may or may not list candidates in the same order as yours

There are also different voting entitlements for Hamilton City Council and Waikato Regional Council, depending on which electoral roll you are on (Maaori or general).

For any other differences you will need to call the electoral office on 0800 922 822.



Q53: I have received two voting documents. What shall I do?

A53: You will need to call the electoral office on 0800 922 822.

Q54: Do the staff working on the election know who I voted for?

A54: No, your vote remains secret under the required separate roll scrutiny and vote counting procedures.

Q55: Can I help someone fill out their voting document?

A55: Under the <u>Local Electoral Act 2001</u>, you cannot interfere or influence any person as to how they can vote.

An elector who is physically impaired, visually impaired or for whom English is a second language, can direct a person to assist them to vote. The person assisting must only act as directed by the elector.

Telephone voting will be available for electors with disabilities. To access this service, electors will need to call the electoral office on 0800 922 822.

Q56: What happens to all the voting documents after the elections?

A56: They are delivered to the Hamilton/Kirikiriroa District Court and kept for 21 days after public notice is given declaring the result of the election so that the Court can access them should there be any application for a recount or petition for inquiry.

After this time, or the completion of any recount or enquiry, the Court is responsible for destroying them.

Q57: What is STV and how do I vote in an STV election?

A57: STV is used for the Hamilton City Council elections.

STV stands for single transferable voting and is a preferential system of voting where

you can rank as few or as many candidates as you like. It is a single vote which can be transferred between candidates to ensure the vote contributes to the election of at least one candidate and is not wasted.

If a popular candidate does not need all the votes they receive, a proportion is transferred to the voter's next preference. On the other hand, if a candidate is not popular and receives few votes, those votes are transferred to a voter's next preference.

For more information about STV, go to www.stv.govt.nz.

To exercise an STV vote, start by writing the number 1 in the box next to the candidate you most want to be elected. Write the number 2 next to your second most preferred candidate and so on [3, 4, 5 etc].

You can write as many preferences or as few as you like, up to however many candidates are standing for that election.

You must write the number 1 for your vote to be counted. Do not write the same number more than once, e.g., 1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5, and do not miss a number from your preferences, e.g., 1, 2, 4, 5, 6. If you make a mistake, your vote will only be valid up to when you made the error.

Q58: What is FPP and how do I vote in an FPP election?

A58: FPP stands for first past the post voting system. Waikato Regional Council uses the FPP electoral system but it is not used for the Hamilton City Council elections, except for the Maaori ward poll question.

With FPP, the candidate or poll question that gets the most votes wins.

You should mark your choice with a tick inside the circle. Do not vote for more than the number of candidates shown in the instructions on your voting document.



→ ELECTION RESULTS

Q59: When will we know the results of the election?

A59: Progress results will be announced on the afternoon of election day, Saturday 11 October 2025.

Preliminary results will be announced on Sunday 12 October 2025, once all votes received at the council offices (up until 12 noon on election day) have been delivered to the electoral office in Auckland and processed.

The official results will be announced when special votes have been checked and included in the final result, expected by Friday 17 October 2025.

Q60: How will I find out the results?

A60: Candidates:

Progress and preliminary results will be advised as soon as practicable after the results are known, on Saturday 11 and Sunday 12 October respectively. This may be by email or by phone.

Voters:

Progress and preliminary results will be released to the media and placed on the council's website (www.hamilton.govt.nz/elections) as soon as practicable once they are known, on Saturday 11 and Sunday 12 October respectively.

Q61: What do I need to do if I want to challenge the results of the election?

A61: Under legislation a candidate may challenge the official results through either a judicial recount or a judicial inquiry. A candidate will have to file an application in the District Court and pay an application fee of \$750.

A candidate may wish to call the electoral office on 0800 922 822 to discuss this.

→ MEMBERS

Q62: When do elected members take up their roles?

A62: Elected members take up office the day after the official results have been declared by public notice. However, members cannot act until they have sworn the oath of office which is usually at the first meeting of the council. This first meeting is usually held as soon as practicable after the official results are published.

Q63: Who are elected members responsible to?

A63: Ultimately the elected members are responsible is to the local community. The Minister of Local Government and the Auditor–General do have a role in ensuring that council follows the law.

Q64: Do elected members get paid and, if so, how much?

A64: The Remuneration Authority sets a remuneration pool. The newly elected council will decide how to apply the pool of funding. Some expenses are also reimbursed.

As an indication, the remuneration as of 24 March 2024 was:

Office	Annual Remuneration
Mayor	\$187,007
Deputy Mayor	\$116,199
Chair of Committee of the Whole (4)	\$104,762
Chair of the Regulatory and Hearings Committee	\$99,561
Deputy Chair of Committee of the Whole (4)	\$91,261
Councillor (with no additional responsibilities)	\$83,527
Councillor (minimum allowable remuneration)	\$83,264

Local Government Members (2024/25) Determination 2024, Schedule of Remuneration-part 2



For further information on remuneration refer to www.remauthority.govt.nz.

Q65: Would being an elected member take up much time?

A65: Being an elected member is a busy job that often involves meetings, events and speaking with community members outside of normal business hours. Flexibility and the ability to prioritise and manage time effectively are essential. This includes balancing a high volume of reading, paperwork and emails with a schedule of meetings and public commitments.

As a consequence, the mayor is considered a full-time job and councillors are generally part time jobs.

Q66: How many elected members are there?

A66: The Hamilton City Council will be made up of:

- \rightarrow mayor (elected 'at large')
- →14 councillors
 - 12 elected from 2 general wards
 - 2 elected from 1 Maaori ward.

The Waikato Regional Council will be made up of:

- \rightarrow 5 councillors
 - 4 elected from 1 general constituency
 - 1 elected from 1 Maaori constituency.

Refer Q5 for more information.

→ ELECTION SIGNS

Q67: What are the requirements for election signs?

A67: Rules relating to local election signs are found in legislation, bylaws and policies.

Local Electoral Act 2001:

All election material, including signs and hoardings, must show an authorisation statement (name and contact details of the candidate or the candidate's agent). Not to do so is an electoral offence.

Refer to the Local Electoral Act 2001, section 113.

State Highway corridors

All local government election signs located on or adjacent to a state highway require the written consent of the New Zealand Transport Agency Waka Kotahi. Refer NZTA Planning Policy Manual (esp sections 7.3 and 8).

Local authorities

Hamilton City Council is responsible for regulating when, where and how signs can be displayed in the district.

The erection of signs on Hamilton City Council land and public places is controlled under a bylaw for public places.

For your safety use non-metallic stakes only to erect signs, and ensure you are aware of any services that may be underground.

For a summary of Council's temporary and electoral signs policy refer page 16.

Full information can be found on the Hamilton City Council website www.hamilton.govt.nz.

Q68: I have a complaint about the electoral signage. What should I do?

A68: If the signs don't have the required authorisation on them, call the electoral office on 0800 922 822.

If the signs are located where they should not be, or have been pulled over or damaged, call the Hamiton City Council customer service team on 07 838 6699.



COUNCIL'S ELECTION SIGN GUIDELINES AND DISTRICT PLAN REQUIREMENTS

The purpose of this policy is to provide for signs which contribute positively to an area and do not compromise visual amenity and transport safety.

Hamilton City Council references sign policies in the <u>District Plan Chapter 25.10 Signs</u>.

Timing

The maximum period of time during which election hoardings, posters, signs or other similar types of promotion may be displayed is three months before election day i.e. from 12.01 am Saturday 11 July 2025 to midnight Friday 10 October 2025.

Size and Type

The maximum permitted face surface area of an election sign ranges between $3m^2$ and $6m^2$. Specifically:

- → Residential, Special Character, Future Urban and Community Facilities zones:
 - Two signs per site, or two signs per frontage in the case of a corner site;
 - Maximum area per sign: 3m².
- → Business 1-7, Central City, Industrial, Ruakura Logistics, Ruakura Industrial Park and Knowledge, Open Space and Major Facilities, Neighbourhood Centre Zone – Peacocke, Local Centre Zone - Peacocke
 - Two signs per site, or two signs per frontage in the case of a corner site
 - Maximum area per sign: 6m².

Placement

Signs advertising a candidate standing for election can only be displayed on private property, provided landowner permission is given.

Election signs shall not project over a transport corridor or be located within a

transport corridor. Signs shall not be placed so they block sight distances at intersections or driveways.

Signs are not permitted on any council property, including road reserve, parks or places controlled by the council.

There are a number of billboard signs that have already been granted resource consent. Election signs on these billboards have the same time and owner permission as signs on private property.

Candidates will be asked to remove any non-complying or unsafe signs within 24 hours of notification, and if the council is required to remove these, costs will be recovered from the owner of the sign. [LGA 2002, s.163]

Other

A sign must:

- not display any image that resembles or is likely to be confused with any traffic sign or signal;
- not contain reflective, fluorescent or phosphorescent materials that will reflect headlights, or distract and interfere with a road user's vision;
- not use flashing or revolving lights or lasers or any other method of illumination that will dazzle or distract drivers.
- → Not exceed 2.5m in height or the maximum sign height for permanent signs on the site under zone rules, whichever is the greater.